1	PACIFIC TRIAL ATTORNEYS	
2	A Professional Corporation Scott I. Ferrell, Bar No. 202091	
3	A Professional Corporation Scott J. Ferrell, Bar No. 202091 sferrell@pacifictrialattorneys.com Victoria C. Knowles, Bar No. 277231 vknowles@pacifictrialattorneys.com	
4	vknowles@pacifictrialattorneys.com	
5	4100 Newport Place Drive, Ste. 800 Newport Beach, CA 92660 Tel: (949) 706-6464	
6	Fax: (949) 706-6469	
7	Attorneys for Plaintiff	
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	SILVIA GARCIA, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	Case No. 2:24-cv-09959-JFW-E Assigned to Honorable John F. Walter
12	Plaintiff,	DI AINTIEES NOTICE OF
13	V.	PLAINTIFF'S NOTICE OF VOLUNTARY DISMISSAL
14		PURSUANT TO FEDERAL RULE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE 41(a)(1)(A)(i)
15	FOOTWEAR UNLIMITED, INC., a Delaware corporation d/b/a WWW.THEFRYECOMPANY.COM,	Complaint Filed: October 7, 2024
16	Defendants.	Complaint Filed: October 7, 2024 Removed: November 18, 2024
17	Defendants.	
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TO THE COURT, CLERK AND ALL PARTIES OF RECORD, please take notice that Plaintiff Silvia Garcia ("Plaintiff") respectfully requests dismissal of the instant action pursuant to Rule 41(a)(1)(A)(i) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure with prejudice as to the Plaintiff's individual claims, and without prejudice as to the putative class. There has been no responsive pleading or motion filed, no class has been certified, and there is no settlement or concession of class interests.

Pursuant to Rule 23(e), "the district court should inquire into possible prejudice from (1) class members' possible reliance on the filing of the action if they are likely to know of it either because of publicity or other circumstances, (2) lack of adequate time for class members to file other actions, because of a rapidly approaching statute of limitations, (3) any settlement or concession of class interests made by the class representative or counsel in order to further their own interests." *Diaz v. Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands*, 876 F.2d 1401, 1408 (9th Cir. 1989).

Plaintiff contends the *Diaz* factors do not apply to the facts of this case, but even if they did, dismissal is nonetheless proper. In 1989, the Ninth Circuit held in *Diaz* that Rule 23(e) applies prior to class certification. 876 F.2d at 1408. At that time, Rule 23 provided that "[a] class action shall not be dismissed or compromised without the approval of the court . . . ." Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(e) (as amended Mar. 2, 1987, eff. Aug. 1, 1987). Under *Diaz*, the district court evaluating dismissal is to "inquire into possible prejudice from (1) class members' possible reliance on the filing of the action if they are likely to know of it either because of publicity or other circumstances, (2) lack of adequate time for class members to file other actions, because of a rapidly approaching statute of limitations, (3) any settlement or concession of class interests made by the class representative or counsel in order to further their own interests." 876 F.2d at 1408 (citations omitted).

Notably, *Diaz* was decided prior to amendments to Rule 23(e), which clarified that Rule 23(e) applies to *certified* classes or *settlement* classes. Specifically, Rule 23(e) now provides that "[t]he claims, issues, or defenses of a *certified class*—or a *class proposed* 

to be certified for purposes of settlement" may be settled or voluntarily dismissed "only with the court's approval." Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(e) (emphasis added); see also Lee v. CVS Pharmacy, Inc., No. 3:20-cv-01923-BEN-DEB, 2021 WL 308283, at \*2 (S.D. Cal. Jan. 28, 2021) (acknowledging that "in 2003, the Congress revised Rule 23 to make clear that court approval is only required in a putative class action where the plaintiff seeks to approve a settlement of both individual and class claims"); 7B Charles Alan Wright & Arthur R. Miller, Fed. Prac. & Proc., Settlement, Voluntary Dismissal, or Compromise of Class Actions § 1797 (3d ed. 2021) ("settlements or voluntary dismissals that occur before class certification are outside the scope of subdivision (e)"). Accordingly, because no class has been certified and there is no settlement of any kind in this action, Rule 23(e) does not apply. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(e).

Nevertheless, even if the Court were to apply the *Diaz* factors to these circumstances, dismissal would be proper. *First*, it is unlikely that any putative class members have relied on the action to protect their interests given that the case is in its infancy and there are no circumstances suggesting reliance on Plaintiff's claims. This action has not been publicized in any way and as such, the putative class members are highly unlikely to have knowledge of it, or to have relied upon it in any way. Similarly, Plaintiff's counsel is unaware of any other circumstances that may have led to the putative class's knowledge of, or reliance upon, this action. *Second*, just over one month has passed since the filing of the Complaint. As such, the rights of the putative class are preserved by the solely individual dismissal of Plaintiff's claims with prejudice. *Third*, as discussed above, there is no settlement or concession of putative class interests given that there has been no settlement or compromise of any kind related to any potential class claims asserted in the Complaint. Indeed, the resolution reached between the Parties does not address, affect, or change the putative class's rights or claims in any manner. Even under *Diaz*, dismissal is proper here.

The parties have diligently followed the rules to obtain a voluntary dismissal prior to any substantive response to the Complaint. *Diaz* should not stand as a barrier to

dismissal, given the subsequent amendments to Rule 23(e) and the facts of this case in 1 2 which there is no settlement or compromise of any class claims, no collusion, and no potential prejudice to any putative class member. Moreover, the dismissal as to any 3 putative class members would be without prejudice. 4 5 For all the foregoing reasons, the Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court enter a dismissal of this action with prejudice as to the named Plaintiff and without prejudice as to the putative class. 7 8 Respectfully submitted, Dated: November 27, 2024 PACIFIC TRIAL ATTORNEYS 9 By: /s/ Scott J. Ferrell 10 Scott J. Ferrell 11 Attorney for Plaintiff 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21

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## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** I hereby certify that on November 27, 2024, I electronically filed the foregoing PLAINTIFF'S NOTICE OF VOLUNTARY DISMISSAL PURSUANT TO FEDERAL RULE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE 41(a)(1)(A)(i) with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such filing via electronic mail to all counsel of record. /s/ Scott J. Ferrell Esq. Scott J. Ferrell, Esq.